Talanoa Dialogue on urban mobility in Latin America and the Caribbean

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• COP decisions:
  – Facilitative dialogue among Parties in 2018
  – Take stock of the collective efforts to achieve goals of the Paris Agreement
  – Contribute to the preparation of nationally determined contributions (NDC)
  – Launched in January 2018

• Summary of discussions will be provided to Parties at the beginning of CO24 in December 2018
1. **Purpose**: to share stories, build empathy and to make wise decisions for the collective good. The process of Talanoa involves the **sharing of ideas, skills and experience** through storytelling.

2. **Build trust** and advance knowledge through empathy and understanding.

3. **Fosters**: stability and inclusiveness in dialogue, by creating a **safe space**

4. **Leads too**: decision making for a greater good
Talanoa Dialogue: 3 questions

I. Where are we?

II. Where do we want to go?

III. How do we get there?

Mitigation – Adaptation - Financing
Every one’s story is heard
Where are we?

Inia Seruiratu,
Minister for Agriculture, Rural and Maritime Development, Fiji

UNFCCC Bonn Session May 2018
Example: Video
Written Submission

- Talanoa Dialogues in 2018 will contribute to the UNFCCC Katowice Climate Conference (COP24)
- Online submission by 28th October 2018
Transparency: Inputs are available online

Inputs to the Talanoa Dialogue: Where are we?

The inputs provided by Parties, non-Party stakeholders and Presidencies are made available per topic.

This page shows the inputs related to the topic "Where are we?".

Inputs from the Presidencies

KEY LINKS

Inputs to other topics
- Where do we want to go?
- How do we get there?

Access to the Talanoa Dialogue Portal
I. Where are we?

II. Where do we want to go?

III. How do we get there?

• Open sharing of stories and listening

• Online survey: https://kahoot.it/

This is your chance to contribute to the global climate negotiations.
1. What are the main sources of emissions and their current and future trends? What are the underlying drivers?

2. What are the current sectoral, national and international legal and policy frameworks for addressing climate change? Do they adequately address national and international climate change goals?

3. What are the current main initiatives and actions from government, leading private industries and other non-Party stakeholders to address climate change? Which ones have worked and what obstacles or barriers have been encountered?

4. What “best practice” examples and business models have successfully driven climate change action?

5. What available technologies can be game changers for addressing climate change today? Can they be easily implemented and what are the anticipated costs?

6. How has the financial sector responded to date on opportunities to address climate change within the different sectors? What models have worked and under which conditions?

7. What are examples of successful partnerships between governments and non-Party stakeholders? Which modalities have proven to be effective (e.g. contracts, blended financing, joint investments, etc.)?

8. What roles have women, local communities and indigenous people including youth played in the transition to low emission and carbon resilient society? What should be their future roles?
1. **What is your short-term (e.g. by 2030) and long-term vision** (e.g. by 2050 and beyond) for climate resilience and for achieving a balance between emissions and removals in the second half of this century?

2. What scientific evidence is required to engage leaders and other actors into such vision?

3. What is the near-term **scope for increasing national ambition**?

4. What is required for encouraging governments and non-Party stakeholders to do so?

5. **Where should efforts be focused** (sectors, regions, practices) in the short, medium and longer terms?

6. What are the modally-specific **near, medium and long-term targets** that can be identified and supported consistent with achieving a balance between emissions and removals in the second half of this century?

7. Are there fundamental **technology barriers** preventing a determined response to climate change in any sector? If so, what are the best ways to overcome them?
1. What fundamental changes are required for the vision described under “where do we want to go” to be realized? What factors would enable the realization of this vision?

2. What legal, policy and fiscal frameworks are required to achieve this vision?

3. What technological advancement/development (by sector) is needed to achieve this vision?

4. What level of investment and what should the sources be in order to meet the Paris Agreement’s long-term goals?

5. What is the foreseen role of the financial sector, including to support technological innovation? What external and internal reforms and incentives would accelerate the flow of capital towards a more sustainable sector?

6. What new engagements and/or partnerships between Parties and non-Party stakeholders can be promoted for increasing ambition and achieving the objectives of the Paris Agreement?

7. Which actions could be taken by leaders from national and local governments, regional development banks, private financial Institutions, companies and associations and others in order to contribute to the realization of this vision?

8. What would be the role of the UNFCCC and what actions can it take?
Global to Local

Global

- Agenda 2030
- Paris Agreement on Climate Change
- Habitat III

Big gap

Local

Sustainable Urban Mobility Policy
Global / Regional / National / Local – all actors

Global
- Agenda 2030
- Paris Agreement on Climate Change
- Habitat III

Regional
- Regional vision and convening
- CEPAL Regional Action Plan

National
- National Urban Mobility Policy

Local
- Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan
Looking forward to hearing your stories